# Your guide to decimal currency in the Post Office. 


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On February 15 th we will be doing all we can to help you with your decimal money in the Post Office.
This booklet tells you all you want to know.

## How we'll be working

From February 15 th, all Post Office charges will be decimal. We'll be giving only decimal coins in change, including of course $6 \mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ and 2 s coins which are exactly equal to $2 \frac{1}{2} p$, 5 p and 10 p respectively.
We will still accept £sd pennies and threepenny pieces, but only in multiples of $6 d\left(2 \frac{1}{2} p\right)$. If you buy, say, a $3 p$ stamp and do not have any decimal coins, you can use fsd coins up to the value of $1 \mathrm{~s}(5 \mathrm{p})$ and get exact change of 2 p .
We are sorry, but we cannot exchange coins.
To prepare for conversion, we have to close all our offices from 1 pm Friday 12 th February and all day Saturday 13th February. Please remember, too, that on 15 th February, Post Offices will be very busy. We apologise to our customers for the inconvenience.


The new postage stamps
We already have the high value decimal stamps, which were issued last June. Their values are 10p (2s) 20p (4s) 50p (10s). The $£ 1$ stamp remains unaltered.
On 15th February, 12 new low value decimal stamps will be issued. Their denominations are : $\frac{1}{2} p, 1 p, 1 \frac{1}{2} p, 2 p, 2 \frac{1}{2} p, 3 p$, $3 \frac{1}{2} p, 4 p, 5 p, 6 p, 7 \frac{1}{2} p, 9 p$.

## Using up your $\boldsymbol{f}$ sd stamps

From 15th February onwards, we won't be selling any more fsd stamps (except at philatelic counters). But you can still use up any fsd stamps you may have, probably until the end of the changeover period.
This is how you do it. Convert the total fsd value of your stamps to decimal, using the DCB Shoppers' table, and then add any decimal stamp necessary to make up the new postage charge.
fsd stamped stationery can be used in the same way throughout the changeover period by converting the total fsd value to decimal by the DCB Shoppers' table and adding any decimal stamp necessary to make up the new postal charge.
The Post Office will also repurchase stamps bought for postal purposes within the last two years. This is the normal repurchase scheme and a charge of $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$ is made. In addition, an extension to the normal repurchase scheme allows for all £sd stamps issued within the current reign to be repurchased whether or not they were bought for postal purposes. The charge for this service is $15 \%$ of the face value of the stamps.

Below is a convenient guide for use in making fsd stamps up to the new inland post charges
(First class $3 p$, Second class $2 \frac{1}{2}$ p for the first $40 z$.).

Total value
of your
£sd stamps

To máke the postage up to $3 p$, add

To make the postage up to $2 \frac{1}{2} p$, add

## 7d



## 50



## 4d



## 3d



## 2d



## Stamp books

From Monday 15th February, you will be able to buy over the counter three decimal stamp books.
These will be:
25p (9@ 2 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}, 5$ @ $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ )
30p (10@3p)
50p (10@3p, 7@2 1 p, $5 @ \frac{1}{2} p$ )
You will be able to buy the present 2 s book from machines outside Post Offices until late on Sunday 14th February, when it will be replaced by a 10p decimal stamp book (2@2p, 2 @ $1 \frac{1}{2} p, 2 @ 1 p, 2 @ \frac{1}{2} p$ ).

## Stamp rolls

At larger Post Offices, from 15th February you will be able to get strips of 5 decimal stamps ( $2 p, \frac{1}{2} p, \frac{1}{2} p, 1 p, 1 p$ ) from vending machines. At some other offices vending machines will be dispensing $1 p$ stamps.

## Stamped Stationery

Decimal stamped stationery will be available from 15th February. This is the range:

| Size | Postal charge | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Envelope 'A' } \\ & \text { (Duke) } \\ & 5 \frac{3}{4}^{\prime \prime} \times 3 \frac{3}{4}^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ stamp <br> (2nd class) | $3 \frac{1}{2} p$ each <br> $32 \frac{1}{2} p$ for packet of 10 |
| Envelope ' $B^{\prime}$ (Foolscap) $9 \frac{1}{4}^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 3p stamp (1st class) | $4 p$ each <br> $37 \frac{1}{2}$ p for packet of 10 |
| Lettercard |  |  |
| Postcard | $2 \frac{1}{2} p$ stamp | $3 p$ each <br> $29 p$ for packet of 10 |
| Air Letter form | 4p stamp | 4 p each |
| Pictorial <br> Air Letter form | 4p stamp | 5 p each |

## Registered Letter envelopes (Inland)

Embossed with 23p stamp (Registration 20p, postage 3p):
Size G
$\left(6 \frac{1}{8}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 3 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}\right) \quad 24 \frac{1}{2}$ p each $\quad \mathrm{E} 2.45$ for packet of 10

Size H
( $\left.8^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}\right) \quad 25 p$ each $\quad$ £2.50 for packet of 10

Size K
$\left(11 \frac{1_{2}^{\prime \prime}}{} \times 6^{\prime \prime}\right) \quad 27 p$ each $£ 2 \cdot 70$ for packet of 10

## Registered Letter envelopes (Overseas)

From 15th February until 1st July 1971 the overseas registration fees will remain as at present; 15p. Because of this there will be a special overseas registered envelope the same size as the present H registered envelope. The new envelope will be known as H 2 and will have a 15 p 'fee paid for registration' stamp embossed on it. The envelopes, costing 17p, will remain on sale until 30th June 1971.

Adhesive stamps will need to be added in payment of the appropriate postage rate.
Note: On 1st July 1971 the overseas registration fee will be brought into line with the inland fee and from then on $\mathrm{G}, \mathrm{H}$ and K envelopes should be used for both inland and overseas registered postingś.

## Philatelic arrangements

We will be providing the usual first day of issue philatelic services on 15th February and normal philatelic posting box arrangements will apply. There will be an official Post Office First Day Cover and presentation packs of the new stamps will be on sale on 15th February.
At all Head Post Offices and offices with philatelic posting boxes providing philatelic services, special packets will be available containing a set of the 12 denominations, with an additional $2 \bar{p}$ and $2 \frac{1}{2} p$ stamp. The cost of the packet will be $50 \mathrm{p}(10 \mathrm{~s})$, the face value of the stamps.
£sd sheet stamps will still be on sale at all offices until Friday 12th February, and £sd stamps will continue to be sold from the Philatelic Bureau and philatelic sales counters probably throughout the changeover period.

## Government services



## Payment of Pensions and Allowances

Pension and allowance orders dated 15th February 1971 and later will show the amount payable in decimal. Payees are asked to cash fsd orders before 15th February; and fsd orders cashed from 15th February will be converted to decimal by the whole new penny table and the decimal amount will be paid.
Pensions and allowances due for payment on Friday 12th February can be cashed one week in advance, on 5th February.

## Broadcast Receiving Licences

Television licence fees, at present $£ 6$ for black and white and £11 for colour, will not be affected until 6 weeks after 15 th February when the cost will be increased to $£ 6.50$ and £11.50 respectively.
Radio Licences will be abolished on 1st April 1971.

## Motor Vehicle Licences

Licence fees are in whole pounds or pounds and shillings which have exact decimal equivalents. The decimal amounts which will be charged from 15th February will be shown on the appropriate application forms issued by the Ministry of Transport. The latest time that licences expiring on 31st January can be renewed at Post Offices is 1 pm on Friday 12th February.

## Dog Licences

Licences will show both the fsd amount and the exact decimal equivalents ( $7 \mathrm{~s} 6 \mathrm{~d} / 37 \frac{1}{2} p$ ). The decimal amount will be charged from 15 th February.

## Game Licences

These are in whole pounds and are not affected.

## Refund of Prescription Charges

Prescription charges paid for in fsd before 15th February, but not presented for refund until afterwards, will be paid in the exact decimal equivalent of $12 \frac{1}{2} p$ ( 2 s 6 d ), 25 p ( 5 s ) and $37 \frac{1}{2} p(7 s 6 d)$.

## Inland Revenue and Fee Stamps

The fsd range of stamps will be withdrawn and replaced by a decimal range on 15 th February.

## National Insurance Stamps

Decimal National Insurance rates will be introduced on 15 th February and £sd stamps will be withdrawn from sale at the close of business on 12th February. But fsd stamps may be used up for weeks which follow 15th February and decimal stamps may be used for earlier weeks if necessary. The same National Insurance cards should continue to be used after 15 th February even though fsd rates are shown on them. In assessing the decimal values the DHSS have had to convert both the employer's and the employee's contributions into separate payable decimal amounts. Because of this the new rates wili not necessarily be the exact conversion table equivalents of the old £sd values.


## Buying Postal Orders

Here is the complete range of postal orders to be sold from 15th February.

| $5 p$ | $15 p$ | $25 p$ | $45 p$ | $65 p$ | $85 p$ | $£ 2$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $7 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $17 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $30 p$ | $50 p$ | $70 p$ | $90 p$ | $£ 3$ |
| $10 p$ | $20 p$ | $35 p$ | $55 p$ | $75 p$ | $95 p$ | $£ 4$ |
| $12 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $22 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $40 p$ | $60 p$ | $80 p$ | $£ 1$ | $£ 5$ |

You will find poundage rates on page 17. They will not be shown on the Postal Orders themselves.
From 15th February you will be able to buy four new decimal orders: $7 \frac{1}{2} p, 12 \frac{1}{2} p, 17 \frac{1}{2} p$ and $22 \frac{1}{2} p$. £sd orders, including the guinea order, will have disappeared and the existing dual priced orders will gradually be replaced by wholly decimal orders.
You can increase the value of any order from $\frac{1}{2} p$ to $4 \frac{1}{2} p$ by affixing not more than 2 decimal stamps. However, when you are using $\frac{1}{2} p$ stamps, remember, in the case of postal orders to be paid into bank accounts, that banks do not recognise the new halfpenny and will therefore ignore odd ones, and that orders for amounts containing $\frac{1}{2} p$ should not be sent to the Irish Republic for the same reason.

## Cashing Postal Orders

£sd orders and dual currency orders with £sd stamps affixed presented for payment after 15 th February will have their total £sd value converted by the whole new penny table. The Post Office counter clerk will do these conversions for you.
Ordinary, Telegraph and Overseas Money Orders Inland money orders and British International money orders issued from 15th February 1971 will be expressed in decimal currency, and the new halfpenny will not be used. Poundage and other charges will be in decimal currency. If you are buying a money order on or after 15th February 1971, the
amount on the appropriate application form should be shown in decimal.
From 15th February payment of Inland and Foreign money orders will be in decimal currency. Orders which were issued prior to 15 th February (i.e. in fsd) and payable at a Post Office will be converted by the Post Office counter clerk using the whole new penny table.

## Banking services

## General banking transactions

Up to 15th February, documents such as Girocheques,
Savings Bank documents, money orders and postal orders, should, like bank cheques, be in £sd. It is wrong to make out cheques in decimal before 15th February. On and after 15th February, however, such documents should have the decimal amounts made out like this:
Figures Words
£29-00 Twenty nine pounds only
£29-26 Twenty nine pounds 26
£29-08 Twenty nine pounds 08
£ 0-26 Twenty six pence
Use a hyphen instead of a decimal point.
Documents written or issued in £sd before 15th February but not presented for payment until 15th February or after should be converted to decimal by the whole new penny table, like this:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
£ 29-26 \\
£ 29-5-2
\end{array}
$$

The fsd amount is not deleted.
The decimal amount is written close to the £sd amount, preferably above it and in a different coloured ink if possible. If you are not happy about making the conversion the counter clerk will do it for you.

## Giro

Giro will operate only in decimal currency from 15th February 1971. All account balances will be converted to decimal by the whole new penny table on Saturday 13th February. New halfpennies will not be recorded in Giro accounts and they should not be included in any type of Giro transaction document. £sd transactions not applied to accounts by Friday 12th February will be converted to decimal, by the whole new penny table, and applied to. the converted accounts from 15th February.

## Transfers

Transfers posted to Giro before 12th February 1971 must have the amount in £sd : those posted on or after 12th February should be in decimal. If you receive a transfer form for the payment of a bill with the amount pre printed in fsd you need not alter the amount to decimal. It will be converted, by the whole new penny table, at the National Giro Centre before the transfer is carried out.

Cheque Deposits posted to the National Giro Centre
You should not accept cheques dated before 15th February with the amount shown in decimal as these are legally invalid. If you do send any for deposit to your Giro account we regret we shall have to return them to you. Cheques dated before 15th February which show the amount in fsd can still be deposited after 15th February but should be converted to decimal by the whole new penny table, as shown on the previous page.
From 15th February your transfer/deposit form must show the decimal amount. If you have several of these cheques each must be converted separately and listed in decimal on the back of the deposit form.
The banks will be closed from 11th-14th February 1971 and consequently any cheques we receive for deposit after 10th February will be held over until 15th February.

## Withdrawals on demand

Girocheques used for withdrawals on demand on or after 15 th February must show the amount in decimal. Remember that the Post Office will only pay out in the new currency.

## Withdrawals on application

Girocheques posted to Giro for authentication after Friday 12th February should show the amount in decimal. Those posted before this should be in fsd.
If the latter are cashed after 15th February they will be converted to decimal at the Post Office.

## Crossed Girocheques

On and after 15th February you must make out your crossed Girocheques in decimal, otherwise they will be legally invalid and may not be accepted by the payee's bank.
Girocheques made out before 15th February 1971 must show the amount in $£$ sd.

## Standing Orders

Your Standing Orders will be converted automatically to decimal by Giro, by the whole new penny table.
A fresh authority will not be required. Orders due for payment on 13th and 14th February 1971 will be paid on 15th February in decimal. Any orders you authorise on or after 15th February should be in decimal.

## Statements of Account

After 15th February all the amounts shown on your Giro statements of account will be expressed in decimal.
The closing balance shown on your last £sd statement will appear in its decimal form as the 'Previous Balance' in the first statement you receive after 15 th February.

## Giro Fees and Charges

Decimal fees and charges from 15th February will be conversions of the fsd charges by the whole new penny conversion table. They are shown below.

| Paying cash into your own account <br> Paying into your own account | free <br> free |
| :--- | :--- |
| Paying people who have Giro accounts |  |
| free |  |

Sending cash to someone who does not have a Giro account

| up to $£ 50$ | 4 p per payment |
| :--- | ---: |
| over $£ 50$ | 10 p per payment |

Paying someone who has a bank account but not a Giro account

Inpayments
3p per paymient

Standard Giro stationery Girocheques

5 p per packet of 24
Transfer/Deposit forms
5 p per packet of 24
Envelopes postage paid to the National Giro Centre
$4 p$ per inpayment

Department for National Savings
All savings business will be in decimal from 15 th February. The new $\frac{1}{2} p$ will not be used in transactions (except for the encashment of £sd National Savings Stamps). Premium Savings Bonds, National Savings Gift Tokens and contributions to Save As You Earn are not affected by decimalisation.

## Conversions

Any withdrawal, dividend or premium warrant issued by the Department for National Savings which is expected to reach you on or before 12th February 1971 will be expressed in fsd. Those despatched during a short period before 15th February will be accompanied by a request for completion of the transaction before 15th February so as to reduce the number
of conversions. Warrants issued in £sd that have to be presented for payment on or after 15th February will be converted at the Post Office counter by the whole new penny table.
Any fsd cheques drawn before 15th February which are to be used on or after the 15 th $^{\prime}$ February for deposit in a Savings Bank account, purchase of Savings Certificates, or investment in Government Stock and Bonds on the National Savings Stock Register, must be converted to decimal.

## National Savings Bank

The same deposit and withdrawal facilities will be available to you after decimalisation as before. Arrangements for the conversion of the balance in your bank book to decimal will depend upon the type of book.


If you have one of the 'new' type of bank books bearing a 9 figure account number, or an Investment Account book, the balance in it will be converted to decimal when you have a savings transaction at the counter on or after 15 th February. If you have an 'old' type bank book, the balance in it will be converted when it is next received in Savings Bank Headquarters.
Increased pressure of business can be expected in the early days of the changeover so you should not present your book, whichever type it is, solely for conversion of the balance. You can still use your bank book, even if the balance is shown in £sd.

## National/Ulster Savings Certificates

Your savings certificates will continue to grow in value at the rates already published. When these are in £sd the total amount due to you in fsd will be converted by the whole new penny table. Future issues of savings certificates will have rates expressed in decimal currency. Existing issues which come to the end of their existing lives and which are extended for a further period will of course also have rates expressed in decimal currency.

## British Savings Bonds, National Development Bonds and Defence Bonds

British Savings Bonds will continue to be sold in amounts of $£ 5$ - and multiples of $£ 5$ - after 15 th February.
On and after 15 th February the interest and maturity bonuses on all holdings of Bonds will be paid in decimal amounts and warrants for repayments will be issued in decimal currency.

## Government Stock and Bonds

All transactions, including the payment of interest, on marketable securities available on the National Savings Stock Register will be in decimal currency on and after 15th February. Stock and bonds previously transferable in multiples of one penny will be transferable in multiples of one new penny.
The balances of all holdings on the National Savings Stock Register will be converted on 15 th February to their decimal equivalent. Investment certificates and bond books will be called in progressively for amendment of the fsd amounts; you should not send your securities to the Bonds and Stock Office until you are asked to do so.

## National Savings Stamps

Dual currency National Savings Stamps are already on sale. When stamps of earlier £sd issues (including 6d and 2 s 6 d values) are presented for cashing at a Post Office after 15th February the exact decimal equivalent will be paid.

## Telecommunications services



## Inland Telecommunications

How charges are affected
Full details of the decimal charges are shown on page 20.
Here are the main points:

## Telephone Rentals

Rentals will simply be expressed in decimal. There is no change in charge.
For customers on exchanges without STD the charge for ordinary (non-coinbox) local calls is rounded from $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$.
For calls from coinboxes the minimum charge will be $2 p$, when the box has been converted to accept decimal coins.

On local calls from pay-on-answer coinboxes the time allowed for $2 p$ will be 3 minutes between 8 am and 6 pm on Mondays to Fridays, and 6 minutes at other times.

In setting the decimal charges for trunk calls connected by the operator it has not been possible to convert the £sd charges in accordance with published conversion tables. For such calls from ordinary (non-coinbox) lines the minimum charge is for a 3 minute call and additional time is charged per minute at one third the minimum charge. The minimum charge must therefore be divisible by three. For similar calls from coinboxes the charge must be a multiple of two as $2 p$ is the lowest value coin the coinboxes will accept after they have been converted. In both cases some charges have been slightly increased, some slightly reduced and some converted exactly. Overall charges for trunk calls connected by the operator are about the same, although individual charges will vary. Charges for trunk calls dialled direct are, however, cheaper, because the unit charge is reduced from $2 \frac{1}{2} d$ to 1 p .

## Telephone Call Charges

For customers on exchanges with STD the unit charge for local and dialled trunk calls from ordinary (non-coinbox) lines is reduced from $2 \frac{1}{2} d$ to $1 p$; the time allowed is unchanged.

## Using coinbox telephones

All coinboxes will be modified to accept $2 p$ and 10 p coins only. The conversion will begin immediately after 15 th February but will take several weeks to complete. Kiosks which have been converted will bear a notice to that effect. Decimal call charges will apply as and when coinboxes are converted.

## Telephone bills

Bills despatched during the 2 months before 15th February will show the total in both $£$ sd and $£ p$ (the conversions will be by the whole new penny table). Before 15 th February customers should pay the £sd amount and after 15 th February the £p amount. From 15 th February all bills will be expressed in decimal only. Customers will be advised individually how their first bill after 15th February has been compiled.

## Telegram charges

Details of the revised charges for telegrams are on page 21.

## Overseas Telecommunications

Charges for international telex and telephone services have been converted to the exact decimal equivalent or rounded to the nearest whole new penny. The charges per word for ordinary rate telegrams have been converted to decimal in accordance with the halfpenny table. Charges for international calls, telex calls and telegrams to principal destinations abroad are shown on page 23.
Fuller details are available in the Post Office Guide.

## Services during Post Office closure

During the closure of Post Office counters from 1 pm on

Friday 12th February and all day on Saturday 13th February 1971, it will not be possible for inland or international telegrams to be accepted over the counter at Post Offices but such telegrams will continue to be accepted by telephone, telex and private wire. Non-urgent international telegrams and Inland Greetings Telegrams, for delivery during the period of closure, should be handed in before Friday 12 th February. Delivery of inland and international telegrams in this country will continue normally during this period.

## Postal services charges

The Post Office has had to increase most inland postal charges so that it can pay its way as a commercial organisation. The Post Office had itself planned to increase these charges before D Day ( 15 th February) in £sd terms, so that they could have been simply converted to decimals on 15th February by the new halfpenny table. But the Post Office Users' National Council, representing Post Office customers, with the support of the Government, recommended that the increased prices should come into force on 15 th February.
The inland postal charges shown below are therefore not conversions but increases.
Overseas postal charges are not being increased on 15th February.

INLAND POSTAL CHARGES

| LETTER POST |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not over | First class | Second class |
| 4 zz | 3 p | $2 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| $60 z$ | 5 p | $4 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| $80 z$ | 7 p | $5 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 10oz | 9 p | $6 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 12 oz | 11p | $7 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 14 oz | $13 p$ | $8 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 1 lb Ooz | 15p | $9 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 1 lb 80 z | 20p | $10 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 2 lb 0 oz | 30p | maximum |
| each additional lb | 15p |  |
| Certain articles for the blind, listed in the Post Office Guide, may be sent free of postage up to a maximum weight of 15 lb . <br> Certificates of posting, 1 p . <br> Search fee-for correspondence addressed to the person making the request (except for Poste Restante items), 5p. |  |  |
|  |  |  |

PARCEL POST

| Not over | Ordinary parcels | Local parcels |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$ | $15 p$ | $10 p$ |
| 2 lb | $20 p$ | $15 p$ |
| 4 lb | 24 p | $19 p$ |
| 6 lb | $27 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $22 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| 10 lb | $35 p$ | $30 p$ |
| 14 lb | 45 p | 40 p |
| 18 lb | 55 p | 50 p |
| 22 lb | 65 p | 60 p |

Local parcels are those which have in theiraddress the same post town as that of the office of posting.
Certificates of posting for unregistered parcels are free.
Search fee - for parcels addressed to the person making the request (except Poste Restante items), 5p.

## EXPRESS POST

## Express Messenger all the way*

per mile or part of a mile for single packet: 20p
For each additional packet after the first, irrespective of distance: $3 p$
If a taxi or other conveyance has to be used, or other costs have to be incurred: Actual cost

## Express Messenger from Delivery Office at Addressee's Request $\dagger$

per mile or part of a mile for single packet: 20 p
For every 10 packets or less after the first : $2 \frac{1}{2}$ p
If a taxi or other conveyance has to be used, or other costs have to be incurred: Actual cost
This service is available for both First and Second Class letters and packets.

## Railex*

Conveyance of packet by Post Office messenger to a railway station for despatch by the first available train, and for its delivery by Post Office messenger from station of destination.

Charge per packet : £1
(maximum weight is $2 o z$ if posted in Northern Ireland; $1 / \mathrm{lb}$ e/sewhere)

## Special Delivery at Sender's Request

Delivery of packet by Post Office messenger after arrival at the office of delivery, provided it arrives at a time when messengers are available and also provided that this will ensure earlier delivery than by normal postal treatment.

Charge in addition to full postage : 20p
Special Delivery packets are sent from the office of posting to the office of delivery in ordinary mails; if a quicker delivery is wanted, one of the other Express Services should be used.
Not available in Second Class Service.

## REGISTRATION AND RECORDED DELIVERY

## Registration

Fee (in addition to postage)
for compensation up to

| For letters <br> (first class only) | Parcels |
| :---: | :---: |
| $20 p$ | $25 p$ |
| $22 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $27 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| $25 p$ | $30 p$ |

Registration is not a safeguard against damage and compensation for this can only be paid if the letter or parcel has been adequately packed.

## Recorded Delivery $\dagger$

Fee (inaddition to first or second class postage), 4 p .
This service provides a record of posting and delivery, and is especially suitable for documents. It must not be used for jewellery or money. The fee covers compensation up to $£ 2$ maximum. Compensation cannot be paid if the packet contains money or other inadmissible articles.
Advice of delivery (for registration and recorded delivery services).
requested at time of posting
$7 \frac{1}{2} p$
requested after time of posting
10p

Enquiry fee 10p
(for enquiry about the loss or non delivery of a registered packet, unless the the advice of delivery fee has already been paid)

## POSTAL ORDERS AND MONEY ORDERS

| Postal Orders | Value | Poundage |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | $5 p$ to $£ 1$ | $2 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
|  | $£ 2, £ 3, £ 4, £ 5$ | $5 p$ |

## Inland Money Orders

Up to $£ 50$ (maximum), 25 p

## Inland Telegraph Money Orders

Up to $£ 50$ (maximum), 25p
Fixed charge for official telegram of advice, 25p.
(for orders payable in the Irish Republic, 30p)

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## SURFACE MAIL

Foreign letters Not over 1oz: 4p. Each additional oz: 2p
Commonwealth letters Not over 10z: 2 p . Each additional oz: 1 p
Postcards Single: $2 p$. Reply-paid: 4p

## Printed Papers

1. Ordinary Rate: not over $2 \mathrm{oz}: 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$. Each additional $2 \mathrm{oz}: 1 \mathrm{p}$
2. Reduced Rate: not over $2 \mathrm{oz}: 1 \mathrm{p}$. Next $2 \mathrm{oz}: \frac{1}{2}$ p. Each additional $4 \mathrm{oz}: 1 \mathrm{p}$.
3. Bulk Post Bags (Ordinary Rate): $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ for the first $\mathrm{lb}, 6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ each additional lb , less 5\% of total postage
(Reduced Rate): 5 p per lb , less $5 \%$ of total postage
Phonopost Not over 2oz: 3p. Each additional 2oz: 3p.
Samples Not over 2oz: $1 \frac{1}{2}$ p. Each additional 2oz: 1 p

## Small Packets

Not over 8 oz : $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ (minimum charge). Not over 10 oz : $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$
Each additional 2 oz : $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$

## Insured Boxes

Not over 10oz: 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ p (minimum charge). Each additional 2oz: $3 p$ plus appropriate insurance fees

Literature for the Blind Postage Free

## PARCELS - AIR AND SURFACE

Parcel rates will be the decimal equivalents of $£$ sd rates although some rates have been rounded down for the convenience of customers and counter staff.
Full details will be given in the new (decimal) PO Guide.

## MINOR SERVICES

## Registration 15p

Insurance 16 p up to $£ 28: 1$ p per additional $£ 14$ up to a maximum of $£ 400$

## Compensation

Registered packets
Uninsured parcels

|  | * | £3.40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not over | $21{ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | £1.35 |
| " | 7 lb | £2.05 |
| " " | 11 lb | £3.40 |
| , ", | 22 lb | £5.45 |

* To those countries to which the first weight step is 3/b (mainly Commonwealth countries) the compensation for a 3/b parcel will be $£ 1 \cdot 35$.
Express 10p
Reply Coupons International 6p Commonwealth 3p
Customs Clearance fee (letters) $9 p$ Clearance fee (parcels) $14 p$
Advice of Delivery (for registered or insured items)
requested at time of posting $4 p$
requested after posting 5 p
Certificate of Posting (for unregistered postal packets) 1p
Enquiries about loss or non-delivery 5 p


## POSTAL CHARGES TO HM FORCES

## EUROPE

Letters Not over 1oz: $2 p$. Each additional oz or part thereof: 1p
Postcards 2p
Forces Air Letter forms $1 \frac{1}{2} p$
Printed Paper (Surface) including newspapers and periodicals
Not over 4oz: 1p. Each additional 4oz or part thereof: 1p

## Small Packets (Surface)

Not over 8 oz: $7 \frac{1}{2}$ p. Not over 10oz: $8 \frac{1}{2}$ p. Each additional 2 oz or part thereof: $1 \frac{1}{2}$ p
(Air) There is no airmail service for Printed Papers and Small Packets to Europe. If air transmission is desired the letter rate of postage must be prepaid.

## OUTSIDE EUROPE

Letters (Surface) Not over 1oz: 2 p. Each additional oz or part thereof: 1 p
(Air) Not over $1 \frac{1}{2}$ oz: $3 p$. Each additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz or part thereof: $3 p$
Postcards (Surface and Air) $2 p$
Forces Air Letter forms $1 \frac{1}{2}$ p
Printed Papers (Surface) including newspapers and periodicals
Not over 4oz: 1p. Each additional $40 z$ or part thereof: $1 p$
(Air) Each oz or part thereof: 2p
Small Packets (Surface) Not over 8oz: $7 \frac{1}{2}$ p. Not over 10 oz : $8 \frac{1}{2}$ p.
Each additional 2 oz or part thereof: $1 \frac{1}{2}$ p
(Air) Each oz or part thereof: $2 p$. Minimum charge $7 \frac{1}{2}$ p

## PARCELS: HM FORCES ANYWHERE OVERSEAS

## Surface

Not over 3lb: 16p. Not over 7lb: 25p. Not over 11lb: 32p. Not over 22lb: 52 p
Air
These rates vary according to destination. See Post Office Guide

## SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICES

For members of HM Forces using a British Post Office Address
Registration Fee 15p (Maximum compensation payable £3.40)
Insurance (Maximum compensation payable $£ 50$ )
Insurance Fee 16p 17p 18p
Limit of Compensation £28 £42 £50

## Telecommunications services charges

## INLAND TELECOMMUNICATIONS CHARGES

## Inland telephone call charges

## LOCAL CALLS

## From STD Exchanges:

Ordinary lines Time bought for 1 p : Monday to Friday 8 am to 6 pm : Monday to Friday 6 pm to 8 am and all day Saturday and Sunday:

6 mins
12 mins
3 mins
6 mins

## From other Exchanges:

Ordinary lines $1 \frac{1}{2} p$ at all times Coinbox lines $2 p$ at all times

## INLAND TRUNK CALLS

The charge for an inland trunk call is based on the duration of the call and the distance between the charging centres.

Dialled direct:
Ordinary lines Time bought for 1 p :

| Distance in miles | Peak rate <br> Mon-Fri <br> 9 am-noon | Standard rate <br> Mon-Fri <br> 8 am-9 am <br> noon-6 pm | Cheap rate <br> Every night $6 \mathrm{pm}-8 \mathrm{am}$ and all day Sat/Sun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to 35 | 20 seconds | 30 seconds | 72 seconds |
| 35 to 50 | 12 seconds | 15 seconds | 36 seconds |
| Over 50 | 8 seconds | 10 seconds | 36 seconds |
| Coinbox lines Time bought for 2 p : |  |  |  |
| Distance in miles |  | Standard rate <br> Mon-Fri <br> 8 am-6 pm | Cheap rate <br> Every night $6 \mathrm{pm}-8$ am and all day Sat and Sun |
| Up to 35 |  | 30 seconds | 90 seconds |
| 35 to 50 |  | 24 seconds | 45 seconds |
| Over 50 |  | 15 seconds | 45 seconds |

Connected by operator:
Ordinary lines 3 minute call-minimum charge (each subsequent minute or part of a minute at $\frac{1}{3}$ rate shown):

| Distance in miles | Peak rate <br> Mon-Fri <br> 9 am-noon | Standard rate <br> Mon-Fri <br> 8 am-9 am <br> noon-6 pm | Intermediate rate* <br> Saturday <br> 8 am-6 pm | Cheap rate* <br> Every night $6 \mathrm{pm}-8$ am and all day Sunday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to 35 | $10 \frac{1}{2} p$ | 9 p | 6 p | 3 p |
| 35 to 50 | 18p | $13 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ | 9 p | 6 p |
| Over 50 | $25 \frac{1}{2} p$ | $22 \frac{1}{2} p$ | 15p | 9 p |

Coinbox lines for each 3 minutes or part of 3 minutes:

| Distance in miles | Standard rate <br> Mon-Fri Sat <br> 8 am-6 pm | Intermediate rate* 8 am-6 pm | Cheap rate* <br> Every night $6 \mathrm{pm}-8 \mathrm{am}$ and all day Sunday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to 35 | 16p | 10p | 6 p |
| 35 to 50 | 20p | 16p | 10p |
| Over 50 | 26p | 20p | 12p |

## MISCELLANEOUS CALL FACILITIES

Fixed time call fee: 10p. Alarm calls: 10p. Personal call fee: $10 p$
Transferred Charge Call Fee:
where money has to be inserted in a coinbox: $2 p$. All others: $2 \frac{1}{2} p$
Credit Card call fee: $2 \frac{1}{2} p$. Freefone call fee: $2 \frac{1}{2} p$
Advice of duration and charge: $2 \frac{1}{2} p^{\circ}$

## RADIOPHONE CALLS

From radiophones or to radiophones from ordinary telephones

## In the same radiophone area

$9 p$ for first 3 mins and $3 p$ per minute thereafter

## Radio fee on trunk calls

$6 p$ for first 3 mins and $2 p$ per minute thereafter

## Telephone calls to Irish Republic

FROM NORTHERN IRELAND as for inland calls

## FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND THE ISLE OF MAN

## Ordinary

lines
3 minute call-minimum charge (each subsequent minute or part of a minute at $\frac{1}{3}$ rate shown)

## Coinbox lines

for each 3 minutes or part of 3 minutes

Standard
rate
Mon-Fri
8 am-6 pm
$34 \frac{1}{2} p$

Intermediate rate*
Sat 8 am- 6 pm

27p

Cheap rate*
Every night $6 \mathrm{pm}-8 \mathrm{am}$ and all day Sunday $19 \frac{1}{2}$ p

## Telegrams

## Ordinary Telegram

12 words for 25 p (minimum),
$2 p$ for each additional word

## Standard Greetings Telegram

12 words for $27 \frac{1}{2} p$ (minimum),
2 p for each additional word
De Luxe Greetings Telegram
12 words for 35 p (minimum),
$2 p$ for each additional word
Overnight Telegram
12 words for $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ (minimum),
1 p for each additional word
Telegrams to Irish Republic:
Ordinary Telegram
12 words for 30 p (minimum),
$2 p$ for each additional word


## INTERNATIONAL AND MARITIME TELECOMMUNICATIONS CHARGES

The information on charges and services shown below, which is not comprehensive, is expected to be operative from 15 February 1971. All international and maritime charges are subject to international agreement and revision: consequently charges are liable to be revised at any time by the Post Office and services are liable to be modified, added to or withdrawn.

| Charges for telephone calls from the United Kingdom from telephones without coinboxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUROPE |  |  |
| Country | Connected by operator Minimum charge ( $\frac{1}{3}$ minimum charge for each additional minute or part thereof in excess of 3 minutes) (Note 3) | Dialled direct <br> (Note 1) <br> Number of seconds for 1p |
| Belgium, France,Luxembourg,Netherlands $\quad 45 p \quad 5 \cdot 14$ |  |  |
| Germany,Switzerland |  |  |
| Denmark | 54p |  |
| Austria | 60p |  |
| Italy | 60p | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| Norway | 69p | 3 |
| Sweden | 69p |  |
| Gibraltar, |  |  |
| Finland | £1. 05 |  |
| Malta | £1.11 |  |
| Greece, Bulgaria | £1-20 |  |
| EXTRA EUROPE |  | Connected by Operator Minimum charge ( $\frac{1}{3}$ minimum charge for each additional minute or part thereof in |
| Country |  | excess of 3 minutes) |
| USA (except Alaska and Hawaii), Canada. (Notes 2, 4) |  |  |
| Full Rate |  | £2.25 |
| Reduced Rate ( 10 pm to 10 am British Clock Tim weekdays and all day Sundays) |  | £1.68 |
| Bahrein, Israel, Kuwait, Japan, South Africa, Chile, New Zealand, (Note 4) |  | £2.49 |
| Australia, India, Pakistan, East Africa |  | £3.00 |
| Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong |  | £3.75 |

## NOTES

1. International Subscriber Dialling (ISD) is available from London, Birmingham Liverpool, Manchester, Edinburgh and Glasgow to those European countries where a rate is shown.
2. International Subscriber Dialling (ISD) is available from London (01) to New York City (Code 212). The rate is 1.2 seconds for 1 p.
3. A Personal Call service is available at an extra charge equivalent to 2 additional minutes to those European countries shown.
4. A Personal Call service is available at an extra charge of $£ 1.51$ except for USA and Canada where the extra charge is $£ 1 \cdot 75$ (Full) and $£ 1 \cdot 32$ (Reduced).

| Charge per word |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Destination | Ordinary | Urgent | Letter Telegrams |
| Europe (except USSR) | 5 p | 10p | 2 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ |
| Cyprus, Gibraltar, Malta | 5 p , | 10p | $2 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| USSR | $6 \frac{1}{2} p$ | 13p | $3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{p}$ |
| USA, Canada and Commonwealth Countries in the Caribbean Area | $7 p$ | 14p* | $3 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| Other Commonwealth countries | 9p | 18p | $4 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| Japan | 17p | 34p | $8 \frac{1}{2} p$ |
| South Africa | 9 p | 18p | 4 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}$ |
| Argentina | 141 P p | 29p | 714 p |

Charges for calls from the United Kingdom to ships at sea

| RADIOTELEGRAMS | Charge per word |
| :--- | :--- |
| Full Rate | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ p |
| Reduced Rate (available to British fishing vessels and <br> to British (and some foreign) ships regularly engaged <br> on voyages not exceeding 1,000 miles to or from a port <br> in the British Isles) |  |

## RADIOTELEPHONE CALLS

The following charges are for calls via Radio Stations in the United Kingdom: charges for calls via foreign radio stations will normally be higher than those shown.

Minimum charge ( $\frac{1}{3}$ minimum charge for each minute or part thereof in excess of 3 minutes)

63p
To ships in
Zone A (Waters within the limits of $13^{\circ} \mathrm{W}-9^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{N}-63^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ )
Zone B (All northern waters beyond the limits of Zone A and within the limits of $35^{\circ} \mathrm{W}-35^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$, and the whole of the Mediterranean Sea)
£1.80
Zone C (All waters beyond those defined in Zones A and B)

## Post Office publications

## Post Office Guide

The decimal version will be in force from 15th February but it will be issued a little earlier to give advance details of decimal charges.

## Air Mail Leaflet

The January 1971 edition will remain effective until 14th February. A new edition, dated 15th February 1971, in decimal only, will be introduced a few days before 15 th February and will remain in force until the end of March 1971.

## Other Post Office Leaflets

All other leaflets will show decimal amounts on or before 15th February.

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## The whole new penny conversion table

This the Banking and Accounting table which converts £sd amounts into whole new pence．The new halfpenny（ $\frac{1}{2}$ p） does not appear in this table as，by law，the banks will not be using it in their accounting．
The whole new penny table is for Giro，Savings，Postal and Money Orders，and Banking transactions．
The new halfpenny table（the Shopper＇s table）is being used mainly to convert retail prices．Copies are available in the Decimal Currency Board booklet，＇Your Guide to Decimal Money＇．


[^0]:    * Not available to the Channel Islands or the Irish Republic.
    $\dagger$ Not available to the Irish Republic.

